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DESIGNATED/ELECTED OFFICE (DO/EO/US)
CONCERNING A FILING UNDER 35 U.S.C. 371

u.s. application no. (if known, see 37 cfr 09/914566

INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO.
PCT/DE 00/04099

INTERNATIONAL FILING DATE
21 November 2000

PRIORITY DATE CLAIMED

31 December 1999

TITLE OF INVENTION -

Contact Protection Housing, Injection Pump, and Method For Mounting A Contact Protection Housing With The Aid Of An Adapter

APPL	APPLICANT(S) FOR DO/EO/US										
	NIESLONY, Markus										
Appli	Applicant herewith submits to the United States Designated/Elected Office (DO/EO/US) the following items and other information:										
1.	$\boxtimes$	This is a FIRST submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371.									
2.		This is a SECOND or SUBSEQUENT submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371.									
3.	X	This is an express request to begin national examination procedures (35 U.S.C. 371(f)) at any time rather than delay examination until the expiration of the applicable time limit set in 35 U.S.C. 371(b) and PCT Articles 22 and 39(1).									
4.		A proper Demand for International Preliminary Examination was made by the 19th month from the earliest claimed priority date.									
5.	$\boxtimes$	A copy of the International Application as filed (35 U.S.C. 371 (c) (2))									
		a. 🛮 is transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau).									
		b. $\square$ has been transmitted by the International Bureau.									
		c. $\square$ is not required, as the application was filed in the United States Receiving Office (RO/US).									
6.	$\boxtimes$	A translation of the International Application into English (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2)).									
7.	$\boxtimes$	A copy of the International Search Report (PCT/ISA/210).									
8.		Amendments to the claims of the International Application under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371 (c)(3))									
		a. $\square$ are transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau).									
		b. $\square$ have been transmitted by the International Bureau.									
		c. $\square$ have not been made; however, the time limit for making such amendments has NOT expired.									
		d. $\square$ have not been made and will not be made.									
9.		A translation of the amendments to the claims under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3)).									
10.		An oath or declaration of the inventor(s) (35 U.S.C. 371 (c)(4)).									
11.		A copy of the International Preliminary Examination Report (PCT/IPEA/409).									
12.		A translation of the annexes to the International Preliminary Examination Report under PCT Article 36 (35 U.S.C. 371 (c)(5)).									

#### Items 13 to 20 below concern document(s) or information included:

- 13. 

  An Information Disclosure Statement under 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98.
- 14. 

  An assignment document for recording. A separate cover sheet in compliance with 37 CFR 3.28 and 3.31 is included.
- A FIRST preliminary amendment.
- 16. 

  A SECOND or SUBSEQUENT preliminary amendment.
- 17.  $\square$  A substitute specification.
- 18. 

  A change of power of attorney and/or address letter.
- 19.  $\square$  Certificate of Mailing by Express Mail
- 20. \( \square\) Other items or information:

Transmittal Sheets in duplicate w/fees charged to Dep.Acct. 07-2100

Copy of German Text Application w/2 sheets drawings

Translation of German Text Application w/2 sheets drawings

Preliminary Amendment

**Executed Declaration** (not enclosed)

Assignment to Robert Bosch GmbH (not enclosed)

Copy of PCT/RO/101

Copy of PCT/ISA/210, 220

# IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re application of:

Nieslony Markus

Based on PCT/DE 00/04099

For: Contact Protection Housing, Injection Pump, And Method For Mounting A Contact Protection Housing With The Aid Of An Adapter

#### PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT

Assistant Commissioner of Patents Washington, D.C. 20231

Sir:

Prior to examination, please amend the above-identified application as follows:

#### IN THE SPECIFICATION

Replace in their entirely pages 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 10 and 13, with new pages 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 10 and 13, attached hereto as Appendix 2.

Page 11, line 1, delete "Claims" and insert -- I Claim--.

# **IN THE CLAIMS**

Please cancel claims 1-7 and add new claims 8-15.

8. A contact protection housing for at least one electrical terminal that is disposed in a housing part (7) which is mounted on a component (1) and in which an opening (8) for introducing potting composition is made, said housing part comprising a thinwalled cap (7), whose edge rests constantly on the component (1) by initial tension.

- 9. The contact protection housing of claim 8, wherein said cap (7) is in the form of a cylinder (20), open on one face end, on whose jacket face a protrusion tapering to a sharp point is provided, the flanks (21, 22) of which protrusion are embodied as slightly concave.
- 10. A fuel distributor injection pump for motor vehicles, on which pump a magnet valve (1) is secured with the aid of a hollow clamping screw, said pump comprising a contact protection housing at least one electrical terminal that is disposed in a housing part (7) mounted on said magnet valve (1) and in which an opening (8) for introducing potting composition is made, said housing part being formed by a thinwalled cap (7), whose edge rests constantly on said magnet valve (1) by initial tension, said cap (7) being in the form of a cylinder (20), open on one face end, on whose jacket face a protrusion tapering to a sharp point is provided, the flanks (21, 22) of which protruding are embodied as slightly concave, said contact protection housing protrusion protruding past the inside diameter of said hollow clamping screw.
- 11. A method for mounting a contact protection housing for at least one electrical terminal that is disposed in a housing part (7) which is mounted on a component (1) and in which an opening (8) for introducing potting composition is made, said housing part having a thin- walled cap (7), whose edge rests constantly on the component (1) by initial tension said method comprising introducing said potting composition is introduced with the aid of a nozzle (10) an adapter (14) disposed between the cap (7) and the nozzle (10).

- 12. An adapter for the use of the method of claim 11, wherein said adapter (14) has a through bore with a first portion (11), whose diameter is larger than the diameter of the opening (8) in the cap (7) for introducing the potting composition, and having a conical second portion (12), which tapers from the inside outward.
- 13. The adapter of claim 12, wherein first portion (11) of said adapter tapers from the inside outward.
- 14. The adapter of claim 12, wherein said adapter further comprising a cylindrical third portion (13) disposed between the first portion (11) and the second portion (12).
- 15. The adapter of claim 13, wherein said adapter further comprising a cylindrical third portion (13) disposed between the first portion (11) and the second portion (12).

Appendix 1, changes to the specification indicated with brackets and underlining:

### Page 1, of the specification:

CONTACT PROTECTION HOUSING, INJECTION PUMP, AND METHOD FOR MOUNTING A CONTACT PROTECTION HOUSING WITH THE AID OF AN ADAPTER

# CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

This application is a 35 USC 371 application of PCT/DE 00/04099 filed on November 21, 2000.

# BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

[Prior Art] Field of the Invention

The invention relates to a contact protection housing for at least one electrical terminal that is disposed in a housing part which is mounted on a component and in which an opening for introducing potting composition is made. The invention also relates to an injection pump, having a contact protection housing as described above. The invention also relates to a method for mounting a contact protection housing, with an adapter.

#### **DESCRIPTION OF THE PRIOR ART**

[From] German Patent Disclosure DE 197 03 686[,] <u>discloses</u> a contact protection housing [is known] which comprises two [put-together] <u>assembled</u> housing parts. There is a seal between the two housing parts. The seal holds back

potting composition that has not yet set during filling. The seal must be positioned precisely when the contact protection housing is put together. Furthermore, the seal is vulnerable to wear.

# OBJECTS AND SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

It is an object of the invention to furnish a contact protection housing which is formed of fewer individual parts than conventional contact protection housings. The effort and expense of assembly should also be reduced.

# Page 2, of the specification:

In a contact protection housing for at least one electrical terminal that is disposed in a housing part which is mounted on a component and in which an opening for introducing potting composition is made, this object is attained in that the housing part is formed by a thin-walled cap, whose edge rests constantly on the component by initial tension. This offers the advantage that the seal required in conventional contact protection housings can be omitted.

[Advantages of the Invention]

[This offers the advantage that the seal required in conventional contact protection housings can be omitted.]

A particular [type of] embodiment of the contact protection housing of the

invention is characterized in that the cap takes the form of a cylinder, open on one face end, on whose jacket face a protrusion tapering to a sharp point is provided, the flanks of which protrusion are embodied as slightly concave. The concave embodiment brings about an elastic adaptation of the flanks of the cap to the component. As a result, production-dictated tolerances of the component can be compensated for. Venting the cavity during the potting takes place automatically via the remaining slight gaps between the line holder and [the] a magnet valve with which it is used.

#### Page 3, of the specification:

above-stated objected is attained by a contact protection housing [of claim 2,] whose protrusion protrudes past the circumference or inside diameter of the hollow clamping screw. As a result, in the mounted state, an undesired dismantling of the magnet valve is reliably prevented.

#### Page 5, of the specification:

depends, among other factors, on the temperature of the nozzle in the introduction process.

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Further advantages, characteristics and details of the invention will become apparent from the ensuing description, [in which one exemplary embodiment of the invention is described in detail] in conjunction with the [drawing. The characteristics

recited in the claims and mentioned in the description can each be essential to the invention individually or in arbitrary combination.] <u>drawings, in which:</u>

## [Drawing]

[Shown in the drawing are:]

Fig. 1[, the view of a section] is a sectional view through a contact protection housing of the invention, in the empty state;

Fig. 2[,] shows the contact protection housing of Fig. 1 in the filled state;

Fig. 3[, the view of] is a section along the line III-III [in] of Fig. 1; and

Fig. 4[,] <u>is</u> an enlarged detail of the contact protection housing shown in Fig. 3.

# Page 6, of the specification:

[Description of the Exemplary Embodiment] <u>DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED</u>

<u>EMBODIMENT</u>

In Fig. 1, a magnet valve 1 is shown, which with the aid of a hollow clamping screw (not shown) is mounted on a distributor injection pump (also not shown). A line holder 2 is mounted on the magnet valve 1. The line holder 2 includes a fixation

aid 3, which has a substantially triangular outer contour. The line holder 2 and the fixation aid 3 serve to receive electrical lines 4. The electrical lines 4 are disposed in the line holder 2 in such a way that they are positioned with the least possible spacing on the contact lugs 5 that originate at the magnet valve 1. The line holder 2 is secured to the magnet valve 1 with the aid of a screw 6.

The connection points of the magnet valve 1 are surrounded by a cap 7, in which an opening 8 is made. The opening 8 in the cap 7 serves to [fill] enable filling of the hollow interior 9 of the cap 7, which is also known as a cavity, with a potting composition.

In Fig. 2, the cavity 9 is filled with potting composition. The introduction of the potting composition is done through a nozzle 10. Between the nozzle 10 and the cap 7 of the contact protection housing of the invention, there is an adapter 14. By means of the adapter 14, the cap 7 is thermally decoupled from the nozzle 10.

#### Page 7, of the specification:

The adapter 14 has a central through bore with first portion 11, a second portion 12, and a third portion 13. The third portion 13 has the form of a circular cylinder and is disposed between the first portion 11 and the second portion 12. The connection can also be conical, with tapering in the direction of the nozzle, and/or profiled. The third portion 13, upon injection of the potting composition, forms a gate or spur 16, which is removed after assembly.

The second portion 12 is embodied conically and serves to receive the tip of the nozzle 10. The first portion 11 of the through bore in the adapter 14 is likewise embodied conically. The two cones in the portions 11 and 12 of the adapter 14 both taper toward the middle portion 13, which has the smallest diameter of the three portions.

In the interior of the first portion 11, the potting composition forms a button 15. The button 15 has an outside diameter that is greater than [inside] diameter of the bore 8 in the cap 7.

In Fig. 3, it can be seen that the cap 7 has a cylindrical outer contour 20, on which a generally triangular protrusion is formed whose flanks are identified by reference numerals 21 and 22. The tip of the protrusion is embodied in flattened fashion.

# Page 10, of the specification:

The clamping screw (not shown) of the magnet valve 1 is caught under the covering cap 7, since the covering cap 7 has radially larger dimensions than the magnet valve 1. It is impossible to remove the covering cap 7 without causing mechanical damage.

The foregoing relates to preferred exemplary embodiment of the invention, it being understood that other variants and embodiments thereof are possible within the spirit and scope of the invention, the latter being defined by the appended claims.

### Page 13, abstract of the disclosure:

# Abstract of the Disclosure

[The invention relates to a] A contact protection housing for at least one electrical terminal that is disposed in a housing part [(7) which is] mounted on a component [(1)] and in which an opening [(8)] for introducing potting composition is made. The invention also relates to an injection pump, having a contact protection housing as described above, and to a method for mounting a contact protection housing, with an adapter. [To reduce the effort and expense of assembly, the] The housing part is formed by a thin-walled cap [(7)], whose edge rests constantly on the component [(1)] by initial tension.

[Fig. 2]

# **IN THE ABSTRACT**

Please substitute the attached Abstract of the Disclosure for the abstract as originally filed.

# **REMARKS**

The above amendments are being made to place the application in better condition for examination.

Entry of the amendment is respectfully solicited.

Respectfully submitted

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APPENDIX 2 NEW PAGES 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 10 AND 13 OF THE SPECIFICATION: CONTACT PROTECTION HOUSING, INJECTION PUMP, AND METHOD FOR MOUNTING A CONTACT PROTECTION HOUSING WITH THE AID OF AN ADAPTER

#### CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

This application is a 35 USC 371 application of PCT/DE 00/04099 filed on November 21, 2000.

# BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION Field of the Invention

The invention relates to a contact protection housing for at least one electrical terminal that is disposed in a housing part which is mounted on a component and in which an opening for introducing potting composition is made. The invention also relates to an injection pump, having a contact protection housing as described above. The invention also relates to a method for mounting a contact protection housing, with an adapter.

#### DESCRIPTION OF THE PRIOR ART

German Patent Disclosure DE 197 03 686 discloses a contact protection housing which comprises two assembled housing parts. There is a seal between the two housing parts. The seal holds back potting composition that has not yet set during filling. The seal must be positioned precisely when the contact protection housing is put together. Furthermore, the seal is vulnerable to wear.

#### OBJECTS AND SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

It is an object of the invention to furnish a contact protection housing which is formed of fewer individual parts than conventional contact protection housings. The effort and expense of assembly should also be reduced.

Amended Page 1

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In a contact protection housing for at least one electrical terminal that is disposed in a housing part which is mounted on a component and in which an opening for introducing potting composition is made, this object is attained in that the housing part is formed by a thin-walled cap, whose edge rests constantly on the component by initial tension. This offers the advantage that the seal required in conventional contact protection housings can be omitted.

A particular embodiment of the contact protection housing of the invention is characterized in that the cap takes the form of a cylinder, open on one face end, on whose jacket face a protrusion tapering to a sharp point is provided, the flanks of which protrusion are embodied as slightly concave. The concave embodiment brings about an elastic adaptation of the flanks of the cap to the component. As a result, production-dictated tolerances of the component can be compensated for. Venting the cavity during the potting takes place automatically via the remaining slight gaps between the line holder and a magnet valve with which it is used.

In an injection pump, in particular a distributor injection pump, for motor vehicles, on which pump a magnet valve is secured with the aid of a hollow clamping screw, the

above-stated objected is attained by a contact protection housing whose protrusion protrudes past the circumference or inside diameter of the hollow clamping screw. As a result, in the mounted state, an undesired dismantling of the magnet valve is reliably prevented.

In the use of the cap of the invention, quality problems in the region of the gate have occurred at high fill nozzle temperatures. It is therefore a further object of the invention to disclose a fast mounting method in which even at high fill nozzle temperatures, damage to the potting composition is averted.

In a method for mounting a contact protection housing as described above on a component, in particular on an injection pump as described above, in which the potting composition is introduced with the aid of a nozzle, this object is attained in that while the potting composition is being introduced, there is an adapter disposed between the cap and the nozzle. The adapter part separates the nozzle from the cavity. The spacing, forced by the adapter part, between the cap and the nozzle prevents thermal destruction of the potting composition in the region of the fill opening in the cap.

An adapter for the use of the method described above is characterized in that the adapter has a through bore with a first portion, whose diameter is larger than the diameter of the opening in the cap for introducing the potting depends, among other factors, on the temperature of the nozzle in the introduction process.

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Further advantages, characteristics and details of the invention will become apparent from the ensuing description, in conjunction with the drawings, in which:

- Fig. 1 is a sectional view through a contact protection housing of the invention, in the empty state;
  - Fig. 2 shows the contact protection housing of Fig. 1 in the filled state;
  - Fig. 3 is a section along the line III-III of Fig. 1; and
- Fig. 4 is an enlarged detail of the contact protection housing shown in Fig. 3.

#### DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

In Fig. 1, a magnet valve 1 is shown, which with the aid of a hollow clamping screw (not shown) is mounted on a distributor injection pump (also not shown). A line holder 2 is mounted on the magnet valve 1. The line holder 2 includes a fixation aid 3, which has a substantially triangular outer contour. The line holder 2 and the fixation aid 3 serve to receive electrical lines 4. The electrical lines 4 are disposed in the line holder 2 in such a way that they are positioned with the least possible spacing on the contact lugs 5 that originate at the magnet valve 1. The line holder 2 is secured to the magnet valve 1 with the aid of a screw 6.

The connection points of the magnet valve 1 are surrounded by a cap 7, in which an opening 8 is made. The opening 8 in the cap 7 serves to enable filling of the hollow interior 9 of the cap 7, which is also known as a cavity, with a potting composition.

In Fig. 2, the cavity 9 is filled with potting composition. The introduction of the potting composition is done through a nozzle 10. Between the nozzle 10 and the cap 7 of the contact protection housing of the invention, there is an adapter 14. By means of the adapter 14, the cap 7 is thermally decoupled from the nozzle 10.

The adapter 14 has a central through bore with first portion 11, a second portion 12, and a third portion 13. The third portion 13 has the form of a circular cylinder and is disposed between the first portion 11 and the second portion 12. The connection can also be conical, with tapering in the direction of the nozzle, and/or profiled. The third portion 13, upon injection of the potting composition, forms a gate or spur 16, which is removed after assembly.

The second portion 12 is embodied conically and serves to receive the tip of the nozzle 10. The first portion 11 of the through bore in the adapter 14 is likewise embodied conically. The two cones in the portions 11 and 12 of the adapter 14 both taper toward the middle portion 13, which has the smallest diameter of the three portions.

In the interior of the first portion 11, the potting composition forms a button 15. The button 15 has an outside diameter that is greater than diameter of the bore 8 in the cap 7.

In Fig. 3, it can be seen that the cap 7 has a cylindrical outer contour 20, on which a generally triangular protrusion is formed whose flanks are identified by reference numerals 21 and 22. The tip of the protrusion is embodied in flattened fashion.

While the potting composition is being introduced, the cap 7 is held down with the adapter 14. A visible bulge 15, also known as a button, is preserved in the gate region. The button creates a positive engagement, for the sake of axially fixing the cap 7, that reinforces the frictional engagement after the cap is pressed on. By the adhesion of the potting composition to the cap 7, the cap is additionally retained and vibration-damped. Further tasks of the potting composition are securing the fastening screw 6 of the line holder 2, insulating the contacts from one another and from ground, protecting the contacts against media, and filling up small voids and undercuts in order to prevent suction.

By means of the version according to the invention, not only the advantages of mounting the magnet valve 1 to the pump without a trailing cable, and the well-known high functional safety of trailing cable contacting in operation can be exploited. The construction according to the invention can be used in small component assemblies and in already-complete products. The requisite mounting steps can be integrated within a short-cycle line assembly process.

The clamping screw (not shown) of the magnet valve 1 is caught under the covering cap 7, since the covering cap 7 has radially larger dimensions than the magnet valve 1. It is impossible to remove the covering cap 7 without causing mechanical damage.

The clamping screw (not shown) of the magnet valve 1 is caught under the covering cap 7, since the covering cap 7 has radially larger dimensions than the magnet valve 1. It is impossible to remove the covering cap 7 without causing mechanical damage.

The foregoing relates to preferred exemplary embodiment of the invention, it being understood that other variants and embodiments thereof are possible within the spirit and scope of the invention, the latter being defined by the appended claims.

#### Abstract of the Disclosure

A contact protection housing for at least one electrical terminal that is disposed in a housing part mounted on a component and in which an opening for introducing potting composition is made. The invention also relates to an injection pump, having a contact protection housing as described above, and to a method for mounting a contact protection housing, with an adapter. The housing part is formed by a thin-walled cap, whose edge rests constantly on the component by initial tension.

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CONTACT PROTECTION HOUSING, INJECTION PUMP, AND METHOD FOR MOUNTING A CONTACT PROTECTION HOUSING WITH THE AID OF AN ADAPTER

Prior Art

adapter.

The invention relates to a contact protection housing for at least one electrical terminal that is disposed in a housing part which is mounted on a component and in which an opening for introducing potting composition is made. The invention also relates to an injection pump, having a contact protection housing as described above. The invention also relates to a method for mounting a contact protection housing, with an

From German Patent Disclosure DE 197 03 686, a contact protection housing is known which comprises two put-together housing parts. There is a seal between the two housing parts. The seal holds back potting composition that has not yet set during filling. The seal must be positioned precisely when the contact protection housing is put together. Furthermore, the seal is vulnerable to wear.

It is an object of the invention to furnish a contact protection housing which is formed of fewer individual parts than conventional contact protection housings. The effort and expense of assembly should also be reduced.

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In a contact protection housing for at least one electrical terminal that is disposed in a housing part which is mounted on a component and in which an opening for introducing potting composition is made, this object is attained in that the housing part is formed by a thin-walled cap, whose edge rests constantly on the component by initial tension.

Advantages of the Invention

This offers the advantage that the seal required in conventional contact protection housings can be omitted.

A particular type of embodiment of the contact protection housing of the invention is characterized in that the cap takes the form of a cylinder, open on one face end, on whose jacket face a protrusion tapering to a sharp point is provided, the flanks of which protrusion are embodied as slightly concave. The concave embodiment brings about an elastic adaptation of the flanks of the cap to the component. As a result, production-dictated tolerances of the component can be compensated for. Venting the cavity during the potting takes place automatically via the remaining slight gaps between the line holder and the magnet valve.

In an injection pump, in particular a distributor injection pump, for motor vehicles, on which pump a magnet valve is secured with the aid of a hollow clamping screw, the

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above-stated objected is attained by a contact protection housing of claim 2, whose protrusion protrudes past the circumference or inside diameter of the hollow clamping screw. As a result, in the mounted state, an undesired dismantling of the magnet valve is reliably prevented.

In the use of the cap of the invention, quality problems in the region of the gate have occurred at high fill nozzle temperatures. It is therefore a further object of the invention to disclose a fast mounting method in which even at high fill nozzle temperatures, damage to the potting composition is averted.

In a method for mounting a contact protection housing as described above on a component, in particular on an injection pump as described above, in which the potting composition is introduced with the aid of a nozzle, this object is attained in that while the potting composition is being introduced, there is an adapter disposed between the cap and the nozzle. The adapter part separates the nozzle from the cavity. The spacing, forced by the adapter part, between the cap and the nozzle prevents thermal destruction of the potting composition in the region of the fill opening in the cap.

An adapter for the use of the method described above is characterized in that the adapter has a through bore with a first portion, whose diameter is larger than the diameter of the opening in the cap for introducing the potting

composition, and having a conical second portion, which tapers from the inside outward. The first portion serves to compensate for imprecisions in attaching the nozzle to the cap. As a result, perfect filling of the cap is also assured even if the nozzle opening is not disposed precisely concentrically with the cap opening. The forming composition remaining outside the cap in the region of the cap opening after the filling operation forms a button, which is integral with the forming composition in the interior of the cap. The button has a larger diameter than the opening in the cap and as a result prevents detachment and undesired removal of the cap after mounting. The conical second portion of the adapter serves to seal off the fill nozzle and center it.

A particular type of embodiment of the adapter of the invention is characterized in that the first portion tapers from the inside outward. This assures good unmolding once the potting composition has been introduced into the cap.

A further embodiment of the adapter of the invention is characterized in that a cylindrical third portion is disposed between the first portion and the second portion. The connection can also be conical, with tapering in the direction of the nozzle, and/or can be profiled. The third portion allows the potting composition to pass through in the introduction process. Via the length of the third portion, the spacing between the nozzle and the cap can be varied. The magnitude of the spacing between the nozzle and the cap

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depends, among other factors, on the temperature of the nozzle in the introduction process.

Further advantages, characteristics and details of the invention will become apparent from the ensuing description, in which one exemplary embodiment of the invention is described in detail in conjunction with the drawing. The characteristics recited in the claims and mentioned in the description can each be essential to the invention individually or in arbitrary combination.

Drawing

Shown in the drawing are:

Fig. 1, the view of a section through a contact protection housing of the invention, in the empty state;

Fig. 2, the contact protection housing of Fig. 1 in the filled state;

Fig. 3, the view of a section along the line III-III in Fig. 1; and

Fig. 4, an enlarged detail of the contact protection housing shown in Fig. 3.

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Description of the Exemplary Embodiment

In Fig. 1, a magnet valve 1 is shown, which with the aid of a hollow clamping screw (not shown) is mounted on a distributor injection pump (also not shown). A line holder 2 is mounted on the magnet valve 1. The line holder 2 includes a fixation aid 3, which has a substantially triangular outer contour. The line holder 2 and the fixation aid 3 serve to receive electrical lines 4. The electrical lines 4 are disposed in the line holder 2 in such a way that they are positioned with the least possible spacing on the contact lugs 5 that originate at the magnet valve 1. The line holder 2 is secured to the magnet valve 1 with the aid of a screw 6.

The connection points of the magnet valve 1 are surrounded by a cap 7, in which an opening 8 is made. The opening 8 in the cap 7 serves to fill the hollow interior 9 of the cap 7, which is also known as a cavity, with a potting composition.

In Fig. 2, the cavity 9 is filled with potting composition. The introduction of the potting composition is done through a nozzle 10. Between the nozzle 10 and the cap 7 of the contact protection housing of the invention, there is an adapter 14. By means of the adapter 14, the cap 7 is thermally decoupled from the nozzle 10.

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The adapter 14 has a central through bore with first portion 11, a second portion 12, and a third portion 13. The third portion 13 has the form of a circular cylinder and is disposed between the first portion 11 and the second portion 12. The connection can also be conical, with tapering in the direction of the nozzle, and/or profiled. The third portion 13, upon injection of the potting composition, forms a gate 16, which is removed after assembly.

The second portion 12 is embodied conically and serves to receive the tip of the nozzle 10. The first portion 11 of the through bore in the adapter 14 is likewise embodied conically. The two cones in the portions 11 and 12 of the adapter 14 both taper toward the middle portion 13, which has the smallest diameter of the three portions.

In the interior of the first portion 11, the potting composition forms a button 15. The button 15 has an outside diameter that is greater than inside diameter of the bore 8 in the cap 7.

In Fig. 3, it can be seen that the cap 7 has a cylindrical outer contour 20, on which a triangular protrusion is formed whose flanks are identified by reference numerals 21 and 22. The tip of the protrusion is embodied in flattened fashion.

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In Fig. 4, the region of the flank 21 of the cap 7 of Fig. 3 is shown enlarged. The flank 21 of the cap 7, in the built-in state, rests on the housing of the magnet valve 1. It is indicated at 23 that the flank 21 of the cap 7, in the non-built-in state, is embodied as slightly concave, that is, as bulging inward.

For the sake of high-pressure sealing, the magnet valve 1 must be secured to the distributor injection pump with the aid of the concentrically disposed hollow clamping screw, with a high tightening torque. A trailing cable on the magnet valve 1 would be extremely vulnerable to being damaged. The magnet valve 1 therefore has only two protruding contact lugs 5 for the sake of later contacting. Because of the stringent demands made of it in operation, the contacting means should be embodied inseparably. It must be protected against mechanical stress and against media. All the work operations for contacting purposes must be capable of being executed within a predetermined, short assembly cycle. All of these specifications are met by the invention. The assembly of the contact protection housing of the invention proceeds as follows.

First, the magnet valve 1 is screwed to the distributor injection pump (not shown). Then the line holder 2, with the electrical lines 4, is slipped onto the exposed face end of the magnet valve 1. In the process, the two contact lugs 5 of the magnet valve 1 are passed through appropriate openings

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into the line holder 2. The cable ends of the electrical lines 4 are disposed and fixed in such a way that they are always at a slight spacing from the contact lugs 5.

Next, with the aid of the screw 6, the line holder 2 is screwed to the magnet valve 1. After that, the contacting between the cable ends of the electrical lines 4 and the contact lugs 5 is effected by resistance welding. Soldering or other welding processes are also possible.

In the next step, the covering cap 7 is pressed onto the magnet valve 1 and the line holder 2, until its bottom comes into contact with the line holder 2. The covering cap 7 is embodied such that the edge of the cap rests constantly with initial tension on the magnet valve 1 and on the hump- shaped fixation aid 3. As a result, when the potting composition is then introduced, sealing without an additional sealing element is achieved.

The cavity 9 in the interior of the cap 7 is filled up with potting composition. Hot melt adhesive, which is introduced with overpressure, is used as the potting composition. Hot melt adhesive offers the advantage of not requiring any additional importation of heat or a long reaction time at room temperature. However, within the scope of the present invention, other potting compositions can be used instead.

While the potting composition is being introduced, the cap 7 is held down with the adapter 14. A visible bulge 15, also known as a button, is preserved in the gate region. The button creates a positive engagement, for the sake of axially fixing the cap 7, that reinforces the frictional engagement after the cap is pressed on. By the adhesion of the potting composition to the cap 7, the cap is additionally retained and vibration-damped. Further tasks of the potting composition are securing the fastening screw 6 of the line holder 2, insulating the contacts from one another and from ground, protecting the contacts against media, and filling up small voids and undercuts in order to prevent suction.

By means of the version according to the invention, not only the advantages of mounting the magnet valve 1 to the pump without a trailing cable, and the well-known high functional safety of trailing cable contacting in operation can be exploited. The construction according to the invention can be used in small component assemblies and in already-complete products. The requisite mounting steps can be integrated within a short-cycle line assembly process.

The clamping screw (not shown) of the magnet valve 1 is caught under the covering cap 7, since the covering cap 7 has radially larger dimensions than the magnet valve 1. It is impossible to remove the covering cap 7 without causing mechanical damage.

#### Claims

- 1. A contact protection housing for at least one electrical terminal that is disposed in a housing part (7) which is mounted on a component (1) and in which an opening (8) for introducing potting composition is made, characterized in that the housing part is formed by a thin- walled cap (7), whose edge rests constantly on the component (1) by initial tension.
- 2. The contact protection housing of claim 1, characterized in that the cap (7) takes the form of a cylinder (20), open on one face end, on whose jacket face a protrusion tapering to a sharp point is provided, the flanks (21, 22) of which protrusion are embodied as slightly concave.
- 3. A fuel injection pump, in particular a distributor injection pump, for motor vehicles, on which pump a magnet valve (1) is secured with the aid of a hollow clamping screw, characterized by a contact protection housing of claim 2, whose protrusion protrudes past the inside diameter of the hollow clamping screw.
- 4. A method for mounting a contact protection housing of claim 1 or 2 on a component, in particular on an injection pump of claim 3, in which the potting composition is introduced with the aid of a nozzle (10), characterized in that while the potting composition is being introduced, there

is an adapter (14) disposed between the cap (7) and the nozzle (10).

- 5. An adapter for the use of the method of claim 4, characterized in that the adapter (14) has a through bore with a first portion (11), whose diameter is larger than the diameter of the opening (8) in the cap (7) for introducing the potting composition, and having a conical second portion (12), which tapers from the inside outward.
- 6. The adapter of claim 5, characterized in that the first portion (11) tapers from the inside outward.
- 7. The adapter of claim 5 or 6, characterized in that a cylindrical third portion (13) is disposed between the first portion (11) and the second portion (12).

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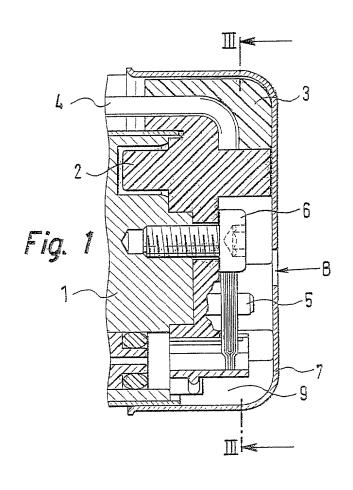
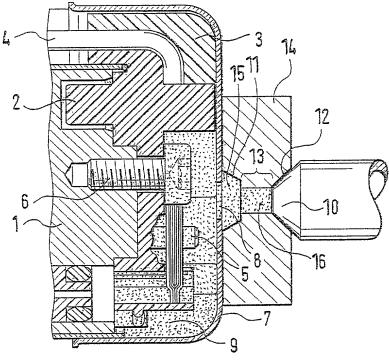
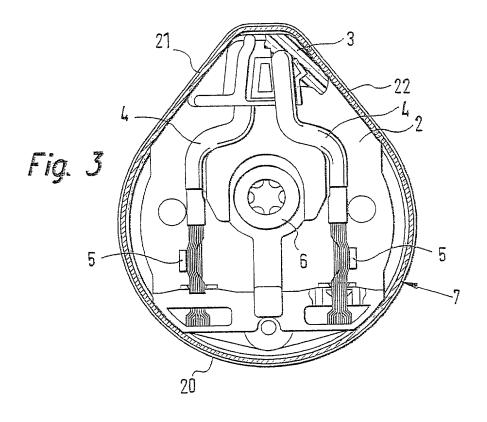


Fig. 2



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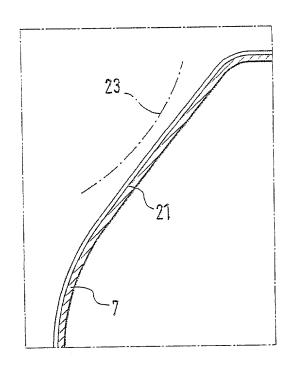
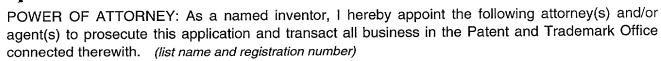


Fig. 4



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I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

(Application Serial No.)

(patented, pending, abandoned)

Docket No. **R.35956** 

# Declaration and Power of Attorney For Patent Application English Language Declaration

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name,

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled

CONTACT PROTECTION HOUSING, INJECTION PUMP, AND METHOD FOR MOUNTING A CONTACT PROTECTION HOUSING WITH THE AID OF AN ADAPTER

the	specification of which		
(che	eck one)		
	is attached hereto.		
$\boxtimes$	was filed on 21 NOVI	EMBER 2000	as United States Application No. or PCT International
	Application Number P	CT/DE 00/04099	
	and was amended on		
			(if applicable)
			lerstand the contents of the above identified specification, nendment referred to above.
kno	cknowledge the duty to own to me to be mate ction 1.56.	disclose to the Uerial to patentabili	Inited States Patent and Trademark Office all information ty as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations,
Sec any liste	ction 365(b) of any for PCT International apped below and have also	eign application(s blication which des bidentified below,	der Title 35, United States Code, Section 119(a)-(d) or patent or inventor's certificate, or Section 365(a) of signated at least one country other than the United States, by checking the box, any foreign application for patent or polication having a filing date before that of the application

Prior Foreign Applic	Priority	Claimed		
1 99 63 933.7	GERMANY	31 DECEMBER 1999		$\boxtimes$
(Number)	(Country)	(Day/Month/Year Filed)		
(Number)	(Country)	(Day/Month/Year Filed)		
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on which priority is claimed.